## One-Variable and Two-Variable Statistics

Terminology			
<b>Mean</b> - The	of a set of data	by the	of data. Commonly
referred to as the	2		
Median - The	value in an	·s	set of data.
<b>Mode</b> - The		value in a set of dat	ta.
<b>Variable</b> - In stat	istics, an attribute that can b	e	, such as height, or
	, such as number of te	elevisions in a house	hold.
Categorical Varia	<b>ible</b> - A variable whose attril	oute is a	rather than a
<u> </u>	·		
Continuous Data	- Data that can have	numerical value v	vithin an;
for example, the	heights of students in our cl	ass.	
<b>Bar Graph</b> - A gra	aph that uses bars, that do n	ot touch, to represe	nt data visually. Used to
display	dat	a.	
Histogram - A	graph that is used to	o display the	of
	of values. The bars touch if	the intervals or data	a are
Scatter Plot - A g	raph that compares	sets of	data. Shows
variable	data as	plotted on a Cartesia	an plane.
<b>Dot Plot</b> - A stati	stical graph similar to a		Used to display
	data.		