

What's Going On?

Checking In

Minds on

Making Graphs, Making Tables

Action!

First Differences

Consolidation

Is it linear? What's the slope?

Learning Goal - I will understand how to use first differences to determine if a relation is linear or non-linear.

L.G.L.

Copy the table below.

Answer the following questions about the table.

a. Is this an example of direct or partial variation? How do you know?

b. What is the initial value?

c. What is the slope?

d. What is the rate of change?

e. What is an equation that could represent this data?

f. What would be the distance after 17 minutes?

Time (s)	Distance (m)
0	2
5	4
10	6

L.G.L.

Copy the table below.

Answer the following questions about the table.

a. Is this an example of direct or partial variation? How do you know?

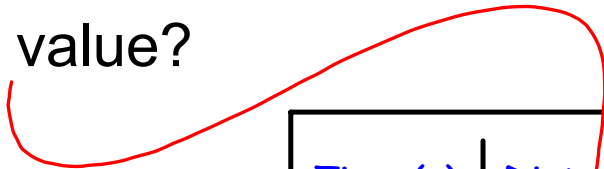
X Time (s)	Distance (m)
0	2
5	4
10	6

L.G.L.

Copy the table below.

Answer the following questions about the table.

b. What is the initial value?



Time (s)	Distance (m)
0	2
5	4
10	6

L.G.L.

Copy the table below.

Answer the following questions about the table.

c. What is the slope?

$$\frac{2}{5}$$

Time (s)	Distance (m)
0	2
5	4
10	6

$$\frac{4}{10}$$

L.G.L.

Copy the table below.

Answer the following questions about the table.

d. What is the rate of change?

2m per 5s

0.4 m/s

Time (s)	Distance (m)
0	2
5	4
10	6

L.G.L.

Copy the table below.

Answer the following questions about the table.

e. What is an equation that could represent this data?

Time (s)	Distance (m)
0	2
5	4
10	6

$$y = \frac{2x}{5} + 2$$

$$D = \frac{2}{5}t + 2$$

slope

initial value

$$D = 0.4t + 2$$

L.G.L.

Copy the table below.

Answer the following questions about the table.

f. What would be the distance after 17 minutes?

Time (s)	Distance (m)
0	2
5	4
10	6

$$D = \frac{2}{5}t + 2$$

$$17 \text{ minutes} = 17 \times 60 \text{ seconds}$$

$$= 1020$$

$$D = \frac{2}{5}(1020) + 2$$

$$D = 404 + 2$$

$$= 410 \text{ m}$$

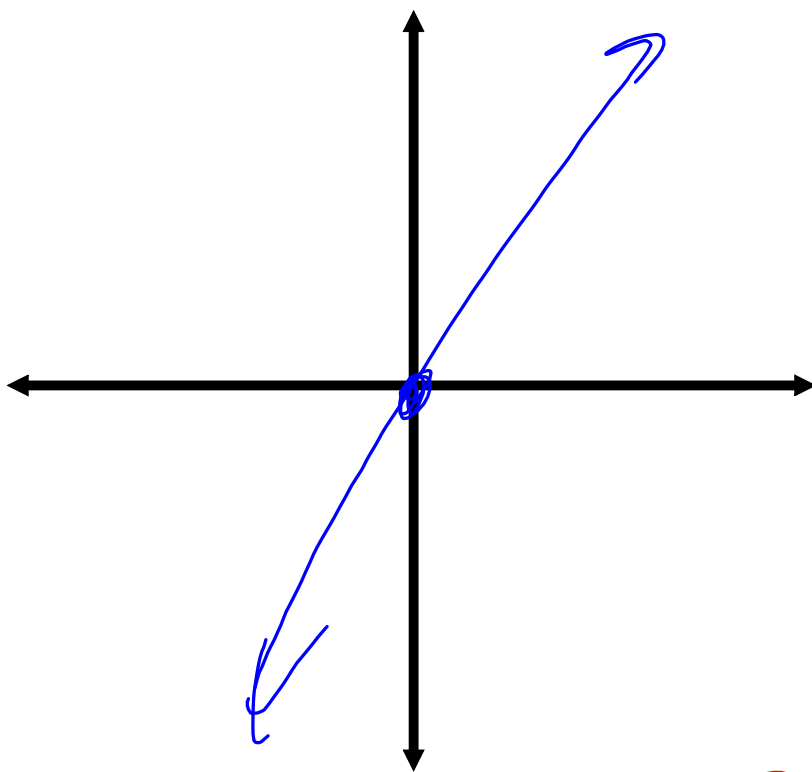
Test next Tuesday

Minds on

Making Tables, Making Graphs

Given the equation $y = 2x$ *slope!*

- Copy and complete the table below.
- Graph the equation identifying the initial value and slope.



x	y
0	0
1	2
2	4

When $x = 0$, $y = 2(0) = 0$

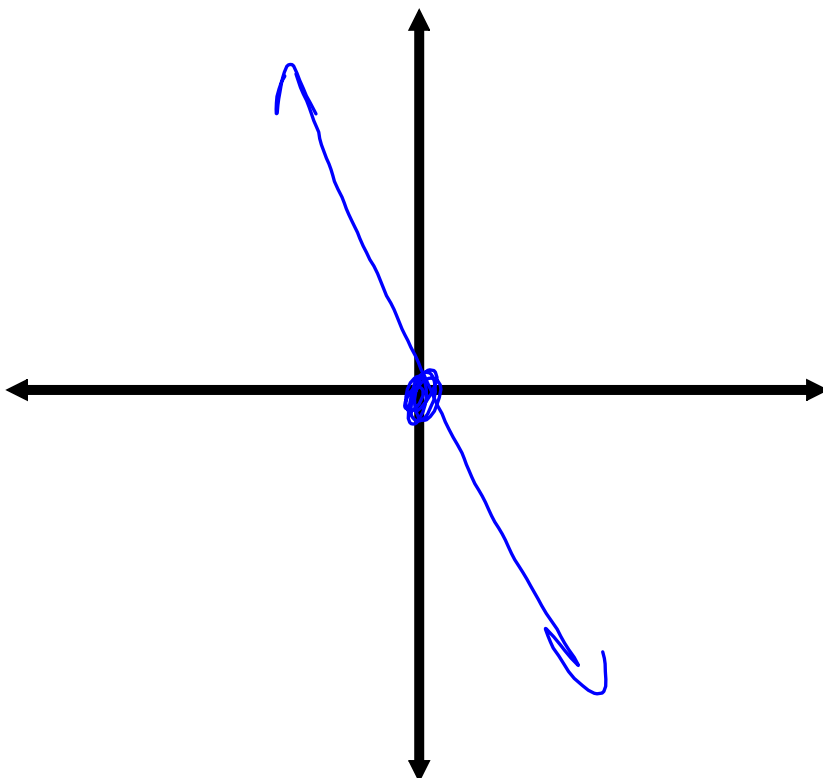
When $x = 1$, $y = 2(1) = 2$

When $x = 2$, $y = 2(2) = 4$

Minds on**Making Tables, Making Graphs**

Given the equation $y = -3x$

- Copy and complete the table below.
- Graph the equation identifying the initial value and slope.

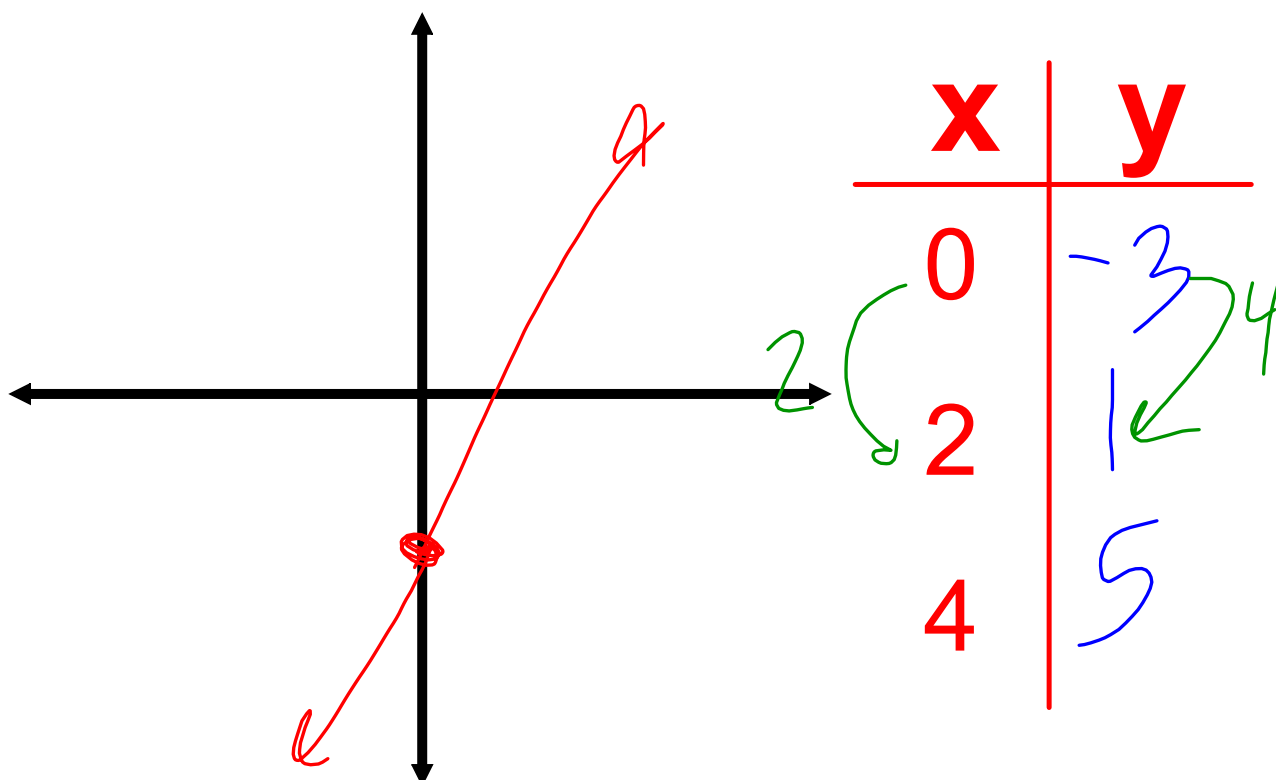


x	y
0	0
1	-3
2	-6

Minds on**Making Tables, Making Graphs**

Given the equation $y = 2x - 3$

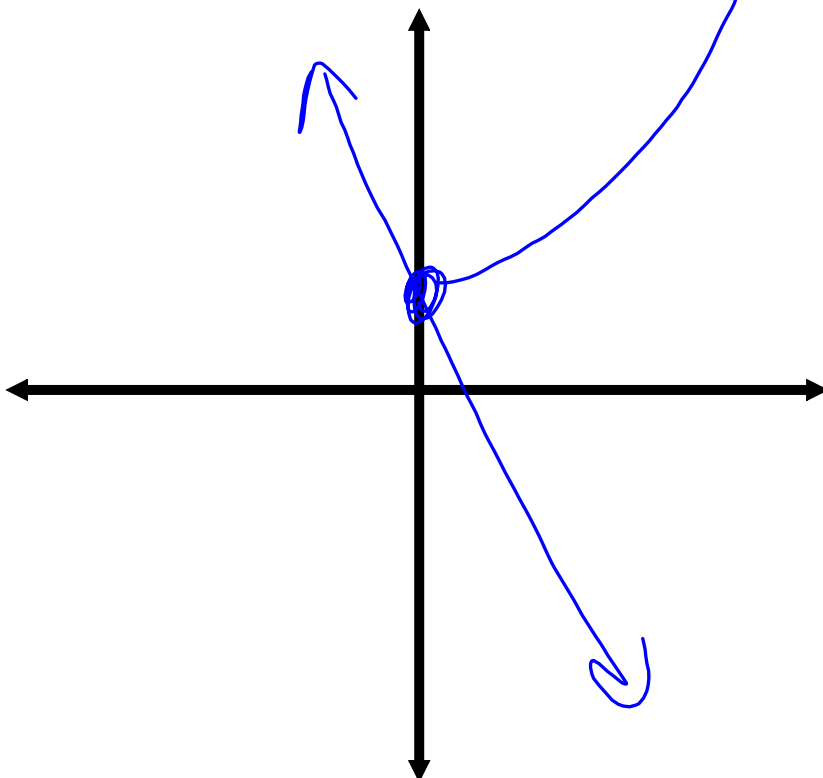
- Copy and complete the table below.
- Graph the equation, identifying the initial value and slope.



Minds on**Making Tables, Making Graphs**

Given the equation $y = -3x + 2$

- Copy and complete the table below.
- Graph the equation, identifying the initial value and slope.



x	y
0	2
1	-1
5	-13

Action!

First Differences

These are called **first differences**.

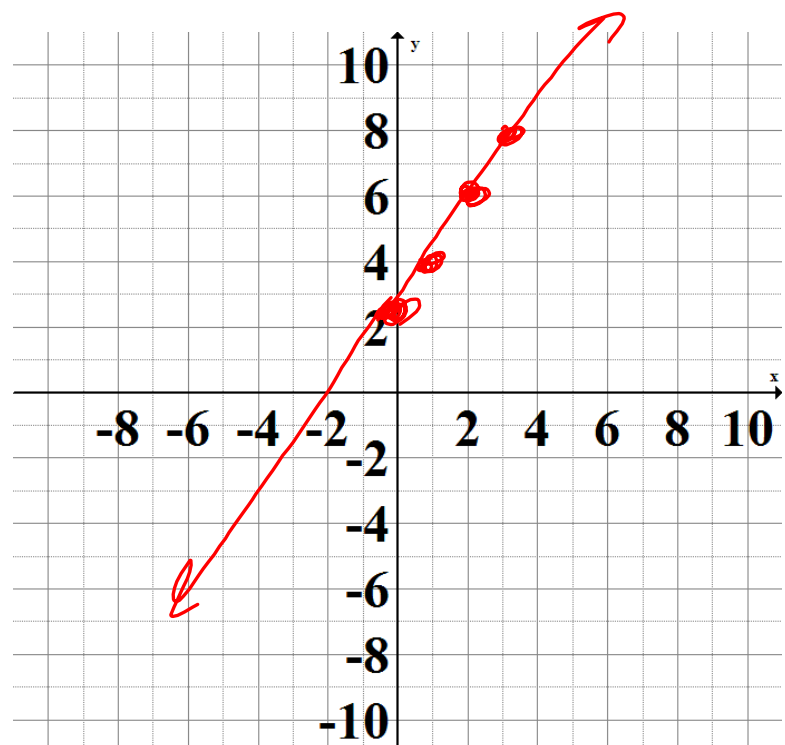
Time	Distance
0	0
5	2
10	4

first differences - differences between consecutive y-values in a table of values with evenly spaced x-values

Consolidation

What are the First Differences?

x	y
0	3
1	5
2	7
3	9



The first
differences are: **2**

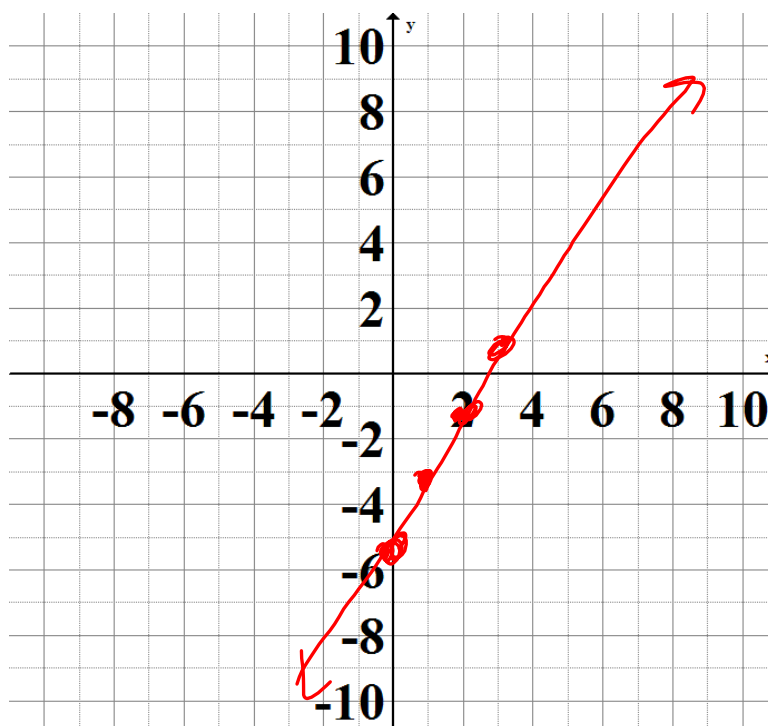
Consolidation

What are the First Differences?

x	y
0	-5
1	-3
2	-1
3	1

$-1 - -3$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} -5 \\ -3 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right\} 2$



The first

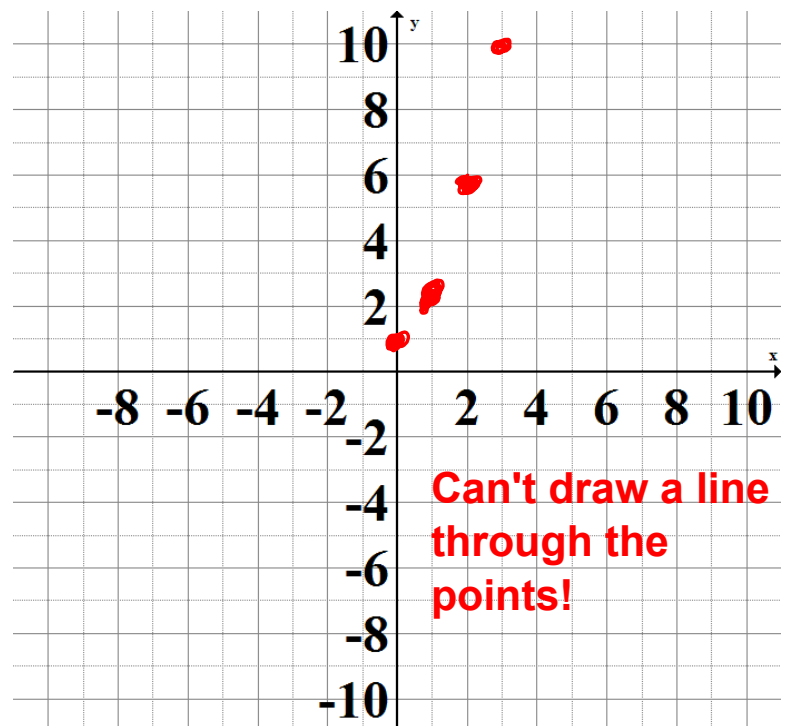
differences are:

2

Consolidation

What are the First Differences?

x	y
0	1
1	3
2	6
3	10



The first

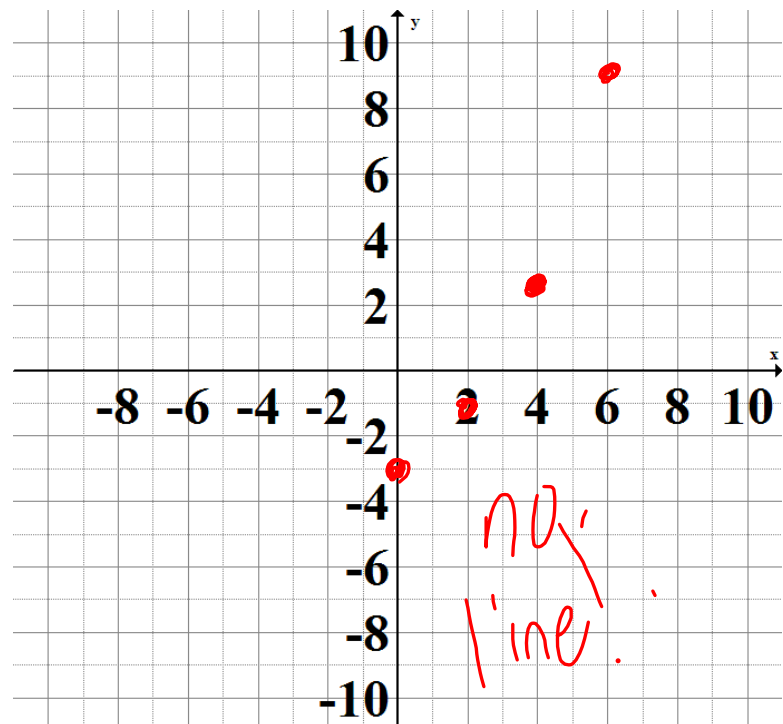
differences are: 2, 3, 4

Consolidation

What are the First Differences?

x	y
0	-3
2	-1
4	3
6	9

Handwritten notes: A red checkmark is next to the x=6 row. Red curly braces on the right side of the y-values group them as follows: a brace from -1 to 3 is labeled '2', a brace from 3 to 9 is labeled '4', and a brace from -3 to 9 is labeled '6'.



The first

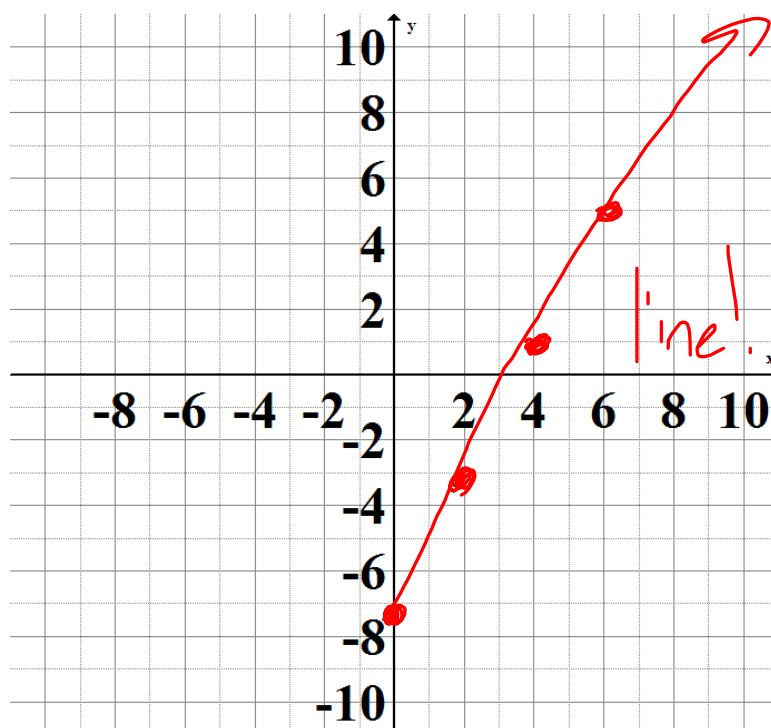
differences are: 2, 4, 6

Consolidation

What are the First Differences?

x	y
0	-7
2	-3
4	1
6	5

74
74
74



The first

differences are:

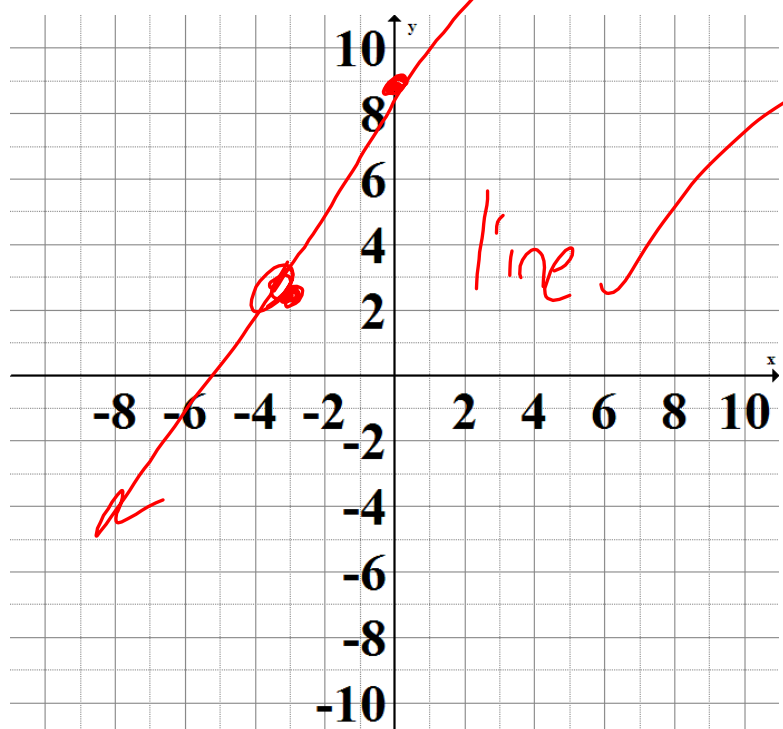
4

Consolidation

What are the First Differences?

x	y
-3	3
0	9
3	15
6	21

} 6
} 6
} 6



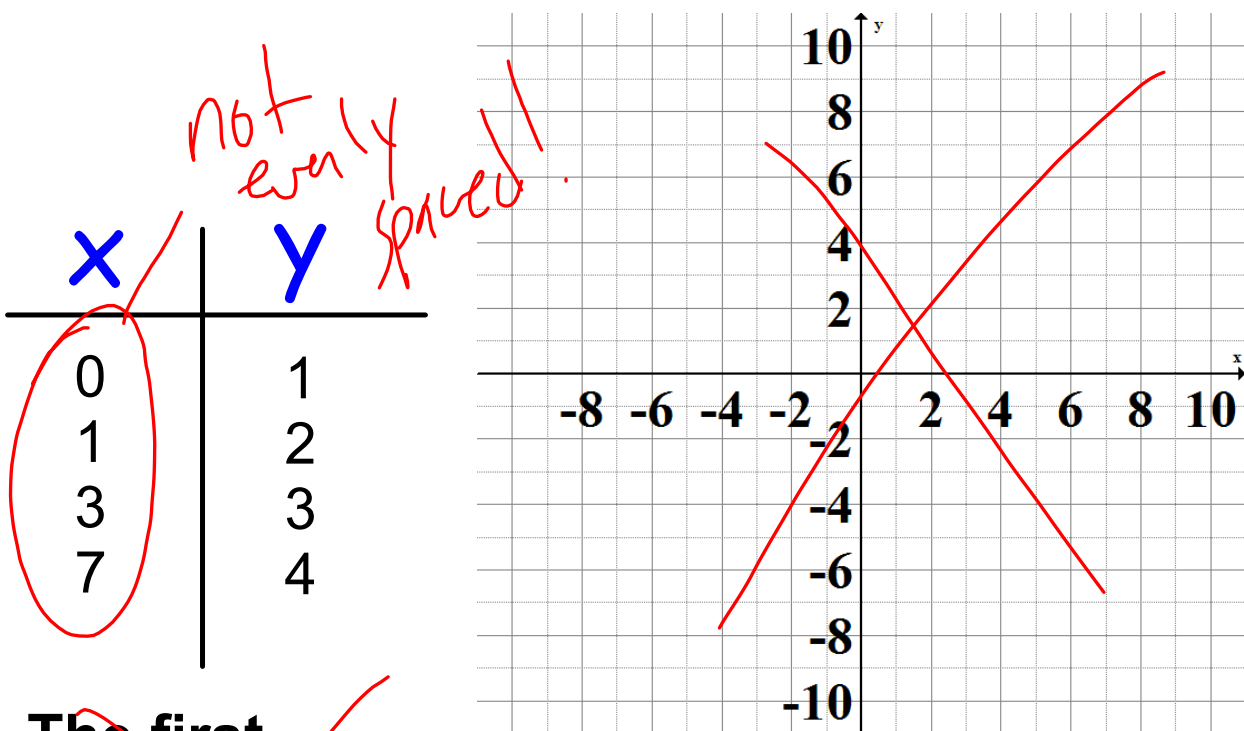
The first

differences are:

6

Consolidation

What are the First Differences?



~~The first differences are:~~

we can't talk about them

Consolidation

What do the First Differences Tell Us?

If the first differences of a relation

are constant the relation is

linear.

all the same

Consolidation

What do the First Differences Tell Us?

If the first differences of a relation

are not constant the relation is

not linear.

not all the same